



Geetha Shishu Shikshana Sangha (R)  
**SIMHA SUBBAMAHALAKSHMI FIRST GRADE COLLEGE**  
KRS ROAD, MYSURU-570 016

**ಯಶಸ್** **YASHAS** SSFGC Weekly Newsletter

Volume – 1

Issue No.–23

27<sup>th</sup> October -2<sup>nd</sup> November 2019

## **Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel unifier of India** *144<sup>th</sup> Birth Day -The Unity Run*

The Iron Man of India, also known as the Loh Purush, Vallabhbhai Jhaverbhai Patel was born on October 31, 1875, at Karamsand, Gujarat. He was a barrister, statesman, a social leader for the Independence of the country and integration of people to make a united and independent nation. He worked hard to make India a United India (Ek Bharat). He also requested the people of India to live together by uniting in order to create Shresth Bharat (Foremost India)

Being the first Home Minister and Deputy Prime Minister of India, he played a most important role in the integration of many Indian princely states to make an Indian federation. He made huge efforts to restore peace all across the nation. He was also the founder and first chairman of the E.M.H.S (Edward Memorial High School Borsad, currently named as Jhaverbhai Dajibhai Patel High School). His dedication to the national integration was completely uncompromising in order to make a newly liberated united country. His dedication towards the unity in the country made him able to integrate more than 500 independent princely states in 1947 to 1949 from the British rule through the Independence Act, 1947.

### **ROLE OF SARDAR PATEL INTO INTEGRATION OF INDIA**

Sardar Patel played a vital role in the integration of princely states into the federation of India. The British plan of partition of India proposed a partition on religious grounds. The 565 princely states were given a free hand in choosing either the dominion of India or Pakistan. He was the first Congress leader who subsequently accepted the partition of India as a solution to Muhammad Ali Jinnah's separatist Muslim movements.

Sardar Patel prevented the states of Punjab and Bengal from being sided with Pakistan by obtaining their partition and thus blocking any chances of their alignment with Pakistan. He also acted as Home Minister during the political integration of India and the Indo-Pakistani War of 1947.

He also supervised the partition of assets during the partition of India and Pakistan. Patel also organized relief efforts for the refugees during the communal violence after the partition. He also successfully integrated British colonies and other princely states to India. He used his administrative and military prowess to persuade every princely state to accede to the dominion of India. His commitment to the formation of a united India was unwavering, earning him the sobriquet "Iron man of India".

### **FATHER OF ALL INDIA SERVICES**

Sardar Patel was instrumental in formulating the modern All India Services also known as the Indian Civil Services. He very well understood the need for a transparent and effective administrative system for a progressive society. While addressing the probationers of the service, he

asked them to be most impartial and incorruptible in their conduct. He was also of the opinion that a Civil Servant must stay away from politics and also communally impartial.

His vision was shrewd enough to realize that the Civil Services work as the binding cement for a country and the functioning of the institutions depends on it.

The Indian Civil Services are known today as the Indian Administrative Services, owe its origin to the keen vision of Sardar Patel, therefore, he is regarded as the Father of All India Services.

He is affectionately remembered as the “Iron Man of India” and “Patron saint of India’s civil servants” as he established the modern all-India services system. In order to remember him annually, **Rashtriya Ekta Diwas** was introduced to celebrate the birth anniversary of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who really unified the country.

**Rashtriya Ekta Diwas or National Unity Day** was introduced by the Government of India in 2014 with the aim of celebrating this event every year on 31<sup>st</sup> October.

To celebrate the day, the ‘Unifier of India’ was honored with the Statue of Unity, the world’s tallest statue. Dedicated to Sardar Patel, the statue is approximately 182 meters (597 ft) in height.

The official statement for Rashtriya Ekta Diwas was provided by the Home Ministry of India. It cites that the National Unity Day “will provide an opportunity to re-affirm the inherent strength and resilience of our nation to withstand the actual and potential threats to the unity, integrity, and security of our country.”

National Unity Day 2019 is being celebrated on the 31<sup>st</sup> of October, Thursday by the people all over India. It is celebrated as the 144th birth anniversary of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. The day is observed to commemorate the efforts of Sardar Patel in the integration of post-independence Indian dominion. This year’s theme of National Unity Day was **“Bring the Nation Together, United in Times of Strife and Rising Extremism”**.

### **The Unity Run**

GSSS Simha Subbamaalakshmi First Grade College celebrated the 144th birth anniversary of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel by organizing a run for unity on 31st October at 8.30 am.

The students assembled on the campus at 8.15 am. They held placards with the slogan 'Run for Unity'. Smt Poornima I/C principal in her talk spoke about the importance of the day. It was followed by a brief talk by master Darshan of III BCom.

Run for Unity Organised by the NSS Program Officer Ms. Priyanka MN was flagged off by the I/C principal at exactly 8.30 am. The students participated in the run enthusiastically.

**"Unity in diversity is our pride and identity,"**



*Report : Priyanka M N*

# Festival of lights Deepavali

India is a land of rich tradition and culture. It is land of diverse cultures and variety of languages and religions. Each culture and religion has its own festivals, food habits and style of living. Deepavali is one of the most important festivals celebrated all over India. Also known as the festival of lights, it signifies the victory of good over evil.

Deepavali festival is celebrated for three days in the month of Karthika as per the hindu calendar. Naraka Chaturdashi is the celebrated on the first day. Legend says that Lord Krishna slayed the demon Narakasura and freed 16,000 women held captive by him. In a traditional hindu house this festival is celebrated by having Abyanjana or oil bath by evoking hymns of the seven sacred rivers of India.

The front door of the house is decorated with mango leaves and marigold flowers which bloom especially in this season. Earthen lamps are lit on the threshold of the house and also on the compound wall of the house.



Lakshmi Pooja is celebrated on the new moon day that is next day. Goddess Lakshmi, who bestows health, wealth and prosperity is worshipped with devotional fervor. Legend says fortune smiles on those who are blessed by goddess Lakshmi. People wear new clothes after offering it to the goddess and

houses are once again lit by earthen lamps in the evenings. There is an exchange of sweet sweets in the neighborhood.

Third day of the festival is called Balipadyami. Legend says that King Balindra visits his subjects once in a year on this day. People decorate their house so with exquisite rangolis and diyas to welcome their beloved king. It is a festival which is liked by the young and old for its celebrations, sweets and crackers. Happy Deepavali!!!!



**Report:**

**Poornima K**

## Photo Gallery



Students writing exam



2 Students writing Hindi exam

# Semester Examination Oct/Nov 2019 Monthly Report

(22<sup>nd</sup> October to 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2019)

1. **Commencement of Examination: 22-10-2019**
2. **Classes -1<sup>st</sup> BCom, 1<sup>st</sup> BBA, 1<sup>st</sup> BCA, 2<sup>nd</sup> BCom & 3<sup>rd</sup> BCom.**
3. **Total no of Sessions Completed: 20 out of 34**
4. **Total number of students appeared: 305 (cumulative)**
5. **Total number of subjects: 20 subjects**
6. **Total number of Absentees: NIL**
7. **General observations:** Held in a peaceful atmosphere, meticulously following time, and other procedures, governing the conduct of examinations, including procurement of question papers.
8. **Malpractice: No malpractice reported.**

The University of Mysore semester examinations Oct/Nov 2019 is scheduled to be held from 22-10-2019 to 19-11-2019, with duration of 3 hours per session (from 9.30 AM to 12:30 PM and/or 2:00 PM to 5:00 PM).

Report:  
Priyanka M N  
Office Superintendent Exams

## In Defence of Nationalism – M.K.Gandhi

*An India Prostrate at the feet of Europe can give no hope for humanity. An India Awakened and free has a message of peace and goodwill to a groaning world.*

*Young India, 1-6-'21*

### ಸಂಪಾದಕರು

ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ಶೃತಿ.ಡಿ, ಗಣಕಯಂತ್ರ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ವಿಭಾಗ

### ಭಾಯಾಚಿತ್ರ ಕೃಪೆ

ಡಾ. ಪ್ರಭಾಕರ ಕೆ. ವಿ. ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು

ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ಪುರ್ಣಿಮಾ ಪ್ರಭಾರ ಪ್ರಾಂಶುಪಾಲರು

ಶ್ರೀ ಅನಿಲ್. ಎಂ, ಸಹಾಯಕ ಪ್ರಾಧ್ಯಾಪಕರು, ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ವಿಭಾಗ

ಶ್ರೀ ಸುಬ್ರಮಣ್ಯ ಕೆ.ಆರ್, ಸಹಾಯಕ ಪ್ರಾಧ್ಯಾಪಕರು, ಮ್ಯಾನೇಜಿಮೆಂಟ್ ವಿಭಾಗ

ಕುಮಾರಿ ಪ್ರಿಯಾಂಕ ಎಂ.ಎನ್, ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ವಿಭಾಗ

### Photo Corner

